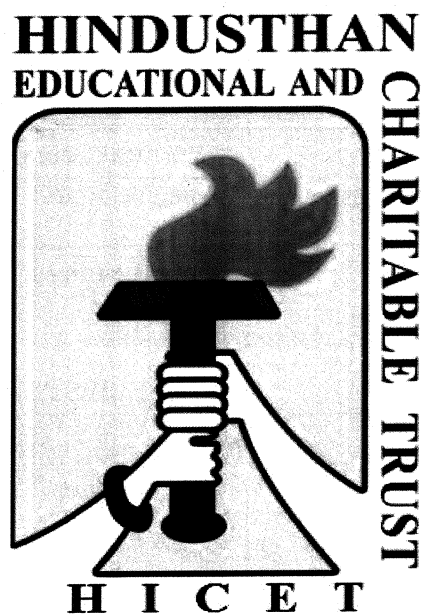


HINDUSTHAN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai)

(AICTE, New Delhi, Accredited by NAAC with 'A++' Grade)

COIMBATORE 641 032



**DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION
ENGINEERING**

M.E. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

Revised Curriculum and Syllabus for the Academic Year 2023-2024

ACM DATE: 11.12.2023

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CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

I SEMESTER										
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
Theory										
1	20MA1102	Advanced Mathematics for Electrical and Electronics Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2	20CM1201	Digital Modulation and coding Techniques	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
3	20CM1202	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
4	20CM1203	Optical Communication Networks	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
5	20CM1204	RF System Design	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
6	20CM1205	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	3	40	60	100
7	20AC10XX	Audit Course I	AC	2	0	0	0	-	-	-
Practical Courses										
8	20CM1001	Signal Processing and Communication Laboratory	0	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
Total Credits				19	0	4	20			

II SEMESTER										
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
Theory										
1	20CM2201	Advanced Wireless Communication and Networks	PCC	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2	20CM2202	Microwave Integrated Circuits	PCC	4	0	0	4	40	60	100
3	20CM23XX	Professional Elective I	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
4	20CM23XX	Professional Elective II	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
5	20CM23XX	Professional Elective III	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
6	20AC20XX	Audit Course II	AC	2	0	0	0	-	-	-
Practical Courses										
7	20CM2001	Communication Networks Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	2	50	50	100
8	20CM2002	Mini Project / Internship	EEC	0	1	2	2	50	50	100
Total Credits				18	1	6	20			


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III SEMESTER										
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
Theory										
1	20CM33XX	Professional Elective IV	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2	20CM33XX	Professional Elective V	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
3	20CM33XX	Professional Elective VI	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
4	20XX34XX	Open Elective	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
Practical Courses										
5	20CM3901	Project Phase I	EEC	0	0	12	6	50	50	100
Total Credits				12	0	0	18			

IV SEMESTER										
S.No	CODE	Courses	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
Practical Courses										
1	20CM4901	Project Phase II	EEC	0	0	24	12	50	50	100
Total Credits				0	0	24	12			

AUDIT COURSES SEMESTER - I

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	20AC1091	English for Research Paper writing	2	0	0	0
2	20AC1092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3	20AC1093	Sanskrit for Technical knowledge	2	0	0	0
4	20AC1091	Pedagogy Studies	2	0	0	0
5	20AC1095	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0

AUDIT COURSES SEMESTER - II

S.No	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	C
1	20AC2094	Value Education	2	0	0	0
2	20AC2092	Stress Management by Yoga	2	0	0	0
3	20AC2093	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	2	0	0	0
4	20AC2094	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan	2	0	0	0


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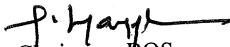
LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES -I, II & III offered during Semester -II

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
1.	20CM2301	Information Theory and Coding Techniques	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2.	20CM2302	Signal Estimation for wireless communication	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
3.	20CM2303	Vehicular Systems and Networks	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
4.	20CM2305	Embedded and IOT	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
5.	20CM3308	Micro-Electro Mechanical Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
6.	20CM3304	Advanced Radiation Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
7.	20CM2311	Massive MIMO and mm Wave Systems	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
8.	20CM2312R	Machine Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
9.	20CM2313	Communication Protocol for IOT	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
10.	20CM2314	Speech Signal Processing	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES -IV, V & VI offered during Semester -III

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOT
1.	20CM2309	High Speed Switching and Network	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
2.	20CM3306	Wireless Sensor Networks	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
3.	20CM3307	Cognitive Radio Networks	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
4.	20CM2310	Satellite Communication and Navigation	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
5.	20CM3315	Multimedia Compression	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
6.	20CM3316	Wavelets and Sub Coding	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
7.	20CM3317	Deep Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
8.	20CM3318	Spread Spectrum Communication	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
9.	20CM3319	Block Chain and Its Applications	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10
10.	20CM3320	5G Technology	PE	3	0	0	3	40	60	10


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LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	CAT	L	T	P	C	CIA	ESE	TOTAL
1.	20CM3401	Green Communication	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100
2.	20CM3402	Industrial IOT**	OE	3	0	0	3	40	60	100

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Semester	I	II	III	IV	Total
Credits	20	20	18	12	70

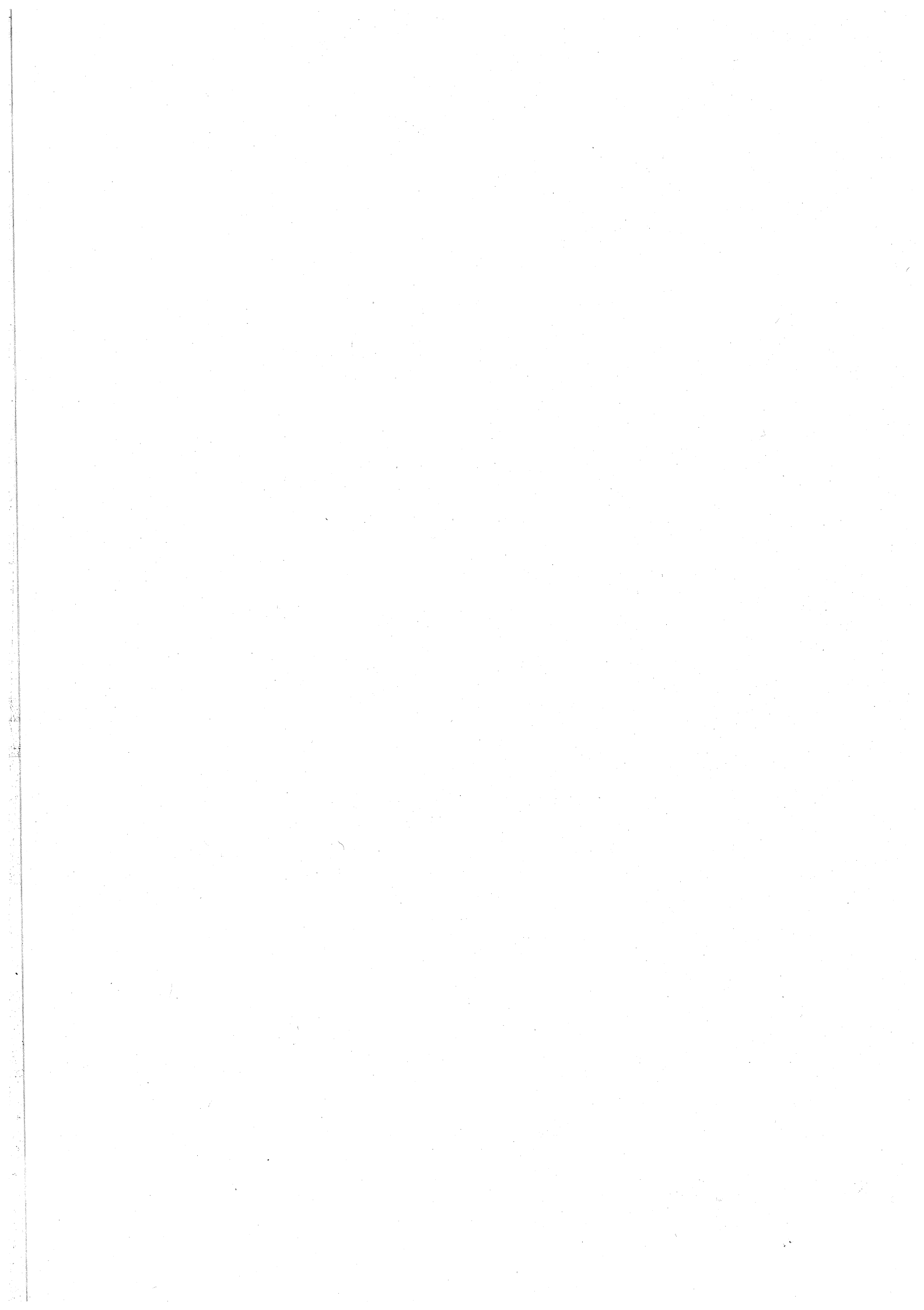
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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20MA1102	Advanced Mathematics for Electrical and Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. Apply testing of hypothesis to infer outcome of experiments.
 2. Formulate and construct a mathematical model for a linear programming problem in real life situation.
 3. Understand the network modeling for planning and scheduling the project activities.
 4. Develop the ability to use the concepts of Linear Algebra and Special functions for
 5. Acquire knowledge of Fuzzy logic and Fuzzy Algebra.

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	TESTING OF HYPOTHESES	
I	Sampling distributions -Type I and Type II errors - Tests based on Normal, t, Chi-Square and F distributions for testing of mean, variance and proportions -Tests for Independence of attributes and Goodness of fit.	9
	LINEAR PROGRAMMING	
II	Formulation - Graphical solution - Simplex method - Artificial variable Techniques - Transportation and Assignment Models	9
	SCHEDULING BY PERT AND CPM	
III	Network Construction - Critical Path Method - Project Evaluation and Review technique - Resource Analysis in Network Scheduling.	9
	LINEAR ALGEBRA	
IV	Vector spaces – norms - Inner Products - Eigen values using QR Factorization - generalized eigenvectors - Canonical forms - singular value decomposition and applications -pseudo inverse - least square approximations -Toeplitz matrices and some applications.	9
	FUZZY LOGIC AND FUZZY ALGEBRA	
V	Basic principles of Fuzzy logic - Fuzzy sets of operations - Fuzzy membership Matrix.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

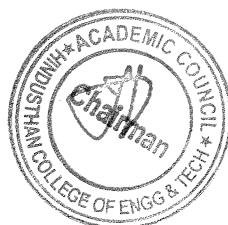
- After completion of the course the learner will be able to**
- Course Outcome**
- CO1:Acquire the basic concepts of Probability and Statistical techniques for solving mathematical problem which will be useful in solving engineering problems.
- CO2:Apply transportation and assignment models to find optimal solution in warehousing and travelling.
- CO3:Prepare project scheduling using PERT and CPM.
- CO4:Achieve an understanding of the basic concepts of algebraic equations and method of solving
- CO5:Apply the Fuzzy logic in power system problems.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Gupta S.C. and Kapoor V.K."Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan an Sons,2001
- R2- Prcm Kumar Gupta,D.S.Hira,"Operations Research," S.Chand &Company Ltd, New Delhi,3rd edition,2008.
- R3- Panner Selvam,Operations Research",Prentice Hall of India,2002.
- R4- George J.Klir and Yuan,B., Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic, Theory and applications, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., 1997

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1201	Digital Modulation and Coding techniques	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

- 1.To formulate a mathematical modulation for various digital modulation power spectral densities.
- 2.To understand the functionalities of non coherent optimum detection.
- 3.To apply various coding schemes in digital modulation schemes.
- 4.To understand the concepts of spread spectrum communication.
- 5.To analyze the ISI and equalization algorithm for band limited channel.

Course pre request

19EC6253 -Digital communication
19EC5251- Data Communication and Networks

Unit

Description

Instructional Hours

I	DIGITAL MODULATION TECHNIQUES Representation of Digitally Modulated signals, Memory less Modulation Methods, Signaling Schemes with Memory –CPFSK, CPM, Power Spectrum of Digitally Modulated Signals-PSD of a digitally modulated signal with memory, PSD of a linear modulated signal, PSD of a digitally modulated signal with Finite memory, PSD of a digitally modulation scheme with a Markov Structure.	9
	OPTIMUM RECEIVERS FOR AWGN CHANNEL Waveform and vector channel Models, Waveform and vector AWGN channel, Optimal Detection and Error Probability for band limited Signaling, Optimal Detection and Error Probability for power limited signaling. Non-coherent detection of carrier modulated signals, Optimal Noncoherent detection of FSK modulated signals, Error probability of Orthogonal signaling with Noncoherent detection, Differential PSK (DPSK).	9
III	CHANNEL CODING BCH codes, Reed – Solomon Codes, Low Density Parity Check codes, Coding for channels with burst errors Interleavers, Combining Codes. Convolutional codes- Decoding of Convolutional codes- Distance properties of Convolutional codes, Turbo codes and iterative decoding, Trellis Coded Modulation.	9
IV	SPREAD SPECTRUM COMMUNICATION Model of Spread Spectrum Digital Communication System, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum Signals, Frequency-Hopped Spread Spectrum Signals, CDMA- Multi user detection in CDMA- Synchronization of SS systems.	9
V	COMMUNICATION THROUGH BAND LIMITED CHANNELS Band Limited Channels- ISI – Nyquist Criterion- Controlled ISI-Partial Response signals-Optimum receiver for channels with ISI and AWGN. Equalization algorithms – Linear equalizer – Decision feedback equalization – Adaptive Equalization algorithms. Reduced complexity ML detectors, Iterative equalization and decoding Turbo equalization.	9

Total Instructional Hours 45

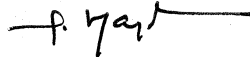
After completion of the course the learner will be able to

Course Outcome

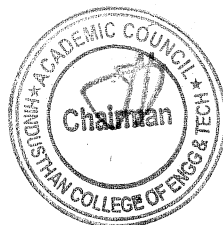
- CO1: Formulate a mathematical model for digital modulation schemes.
CO2: Design optimum coherent and non coherent receiver for digital modulation schemes.
CO3: Apply mathematical modeling for BER analysis and Band width calculation of digital modulation schemes.
CO4: Compare the performance of linear block codes.
CO5: Design channel encoder and decoder based on the given specification using the channel coding algorithms.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- John G. Proakis., and Masoud Salehi. "Digital Communication", McGraw- Hill, International Edition 2008


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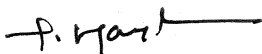
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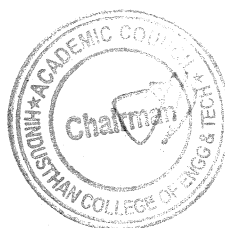

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- R2-M.K.Simon, S.M.Hinedi and W.C.Lindsey, "Digital communication techniques; Signaling and detection", prentice Hall India, New Delhi.1995
- R3- Simon Haykin, "Digital communications", John Wiley and sons, 2006
- R4-B.P.Lathi "Modern digital and analog communication systems", 3rd Edition, Oxford University press 1998.
- R5-Andrew J. Viterbi, "CDMA: Principles of Spread Spectrum Communications,"Prentice Hall, USA, 1995.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1202	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

- 1.To understand various signals and systems in time and frequency domains.
- 2.To apply the concept of multi rate filters in their applications
3. To understand the concepts of various filter banks and spectrum analysis
4. To estimate the power spectrums in different methods.
- 5.To illustrate the concepts and fundamentals of adaptive filters

Course Pre requisite
 19EC5252-Digital Signal Processing
 19EC3202-Signals and Systems

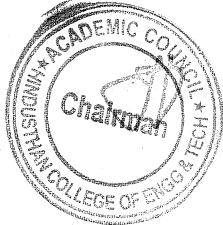
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION: Classification of signals and systems – Properties of Systems – LTI Systems – Need for frequency domain analysis - Fourier transform for continuous and discrete time signals – Z-Transform - relationships between system representations - DFT – FFT - recursive and non-recursive filters – Linear phase FIR filters – Realization of FIR filters – finite word length effects in DSP system design.	9
II	MULTIRATE SIGNAL PROCESSING Representation of discrete time signals – down sampling – up sampling - Noble identities – cascading sampling rate convertors - Decimation with transversal filters – interpolation with transversal filters – decimation with polyphase filters – interpolation with polyphase filters – decimation and interpolation with rational sampling factors - multistage implementation of sampling rate convertors.	9
III	FILTER BANKS Two channel filter banks - QMF filter banks - Perfect Reconstruction Filter banks - Filter banks with tree structure and parallel structure - Applications – speech and audio coding – image and video coding	9
IV	POWER SPECTRUM ESTIMATION Introduction – Non parametric methods - Periodogram – Modified Periodogram - Bartlett, Welch & Blackman Tukey methods - Performance comparison - Parametric methods - Auto Regressive (AR) spectrum estimation - Relationship between autocorrelation and model parameters – Moving Average and Auto Regressive Moving Average spectrum estimation.	9
V	ADAPTIVE FILTERS: Introduction – Applications – System identification – Inverse modeling – Prediction - Interference Cancellation- Adaptive linear combiner – Performance function – Gradient and Minimum Mean Square error – Gradient search by the method of steepest descent – LMS algorithm – convergence of LMS algorithm – Learning curve – Misadjustment – RLS algorithm	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to
 CO1: Interpret functions of various systems and signals and their spectrums.
 CO2: Analyze working and operation of multi rate filters
 CO3: Explain the concept of filter banks and applications
 CO4: Analyze the methods of power spectrum estimation for random signals
 CO5: Analyze and understand the concepts of adaptive filter.

REFERENCE BOOKS:
 R1-Fliege N J, "Multirate Digital Signal Processing", John Wiley and sons, 2010
 R2-Vaidyanathan P P, "Multirate Systems and Filter banks", Prentice Hall, 2008.
 R3-Ifeachor E C and Jervis B W, "Digital Signal Processing: A Practical Approach", Prentice Hall,2009
 R5-Simon Haykin "Adaptive Filter Theory", Pearson education,2010

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1203	Optical Communication Networks	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
- 1.To study the operation of various optical system components
 - 2.To learn the fundamentals of different optical network architectures
 - 3.To know the concepts of wavelength routing networks and its characteristics
 - 4.To understand the concepts of various packet switching and access networks
 - 5.To design the network with different parameters and study the issues in network management

Course pre requisite
 19EC7202- Optical and Microwave Engineering
 19EC5251- Data Communication and Networks

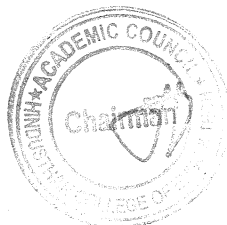
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	OPTICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS Light propagation in optical fibers – Loss & bandwidth, System limitations, Non-Linear effects; Solitons; Optical Network Components – Couplers, Isolators & Circulators, Multiplexers & Filters, Optical Amplifiers, Switches, Wavelength Converters.	9
II	OPTICAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES Introduction to Optical Networks; SONET / SDH, Metropolitan-Area Networks, Layered Architecture; Broadcast and Select Networks – Topologies for Broadcast Networks, Media-Access Control Protocols, Testbeds for Broadcast & Select WDM; Wavelength Routing Architecture.	9
III	WAVELENGTH ROUTING NETWORKS The optical layer, Node Designs, Optical layer cost tradeoff, Routing and wavelength assignment, Virtual topology design, Wavelength Routing Testbeds, Architectural variations.	9
IV	PACKET SWITCHING AND ACCESS NETWORKS Photonic Packet Switching – OTDM, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing, Synchronization, Broadcast OTDM networks, Switch-based networks; Access Networks – Network Architecture overview, Future Access Networks, Optical Access Network Architectures; and OTDM networks.	9
V	NETWORK DESIGN AND MANAGEMENT Transmission System Engineering – System model, Power penalty - transmitter, receiver, Optical amplifiers, crosstalk, dispersion; Wavelength stabilization ; Overall design considerations; Control and Management – Network management functions, Configuration management, Performance management, Fault management, Optical safety, Service interface.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

- Course Outcome**
- After completion of the course the learner will be able to
- CO1: Interpret functions of various optical network components.
 - CO2: Analyze broadcast-and-select and wavelength routing networks.
 - CO3: Understand the working of various power devices and display devices.
 - CO4: Explain photonic packet switching concepts and access networks.
 - CO5: Analyze different network management functions.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

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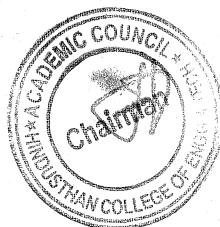


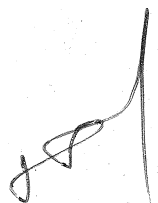
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- R1 - C. Siva Ram Moorthy and Mohan Gurusamy, "WDM Optical Networks : Concept, Design and Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, 1st Edition, 2002.
- R2 - Vivek Alwayn, "Optical Network Design and Implementation", Pearson Education, 2004.
- R3 - Hussein T. Mouftab and Pin-Han Ho, "Optical Networks: Architecture and Survivability", Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.
- R4 - Biswanath Mukherjee, "Optical Communication Networks", McGraw Hill, 1997.
- R5 - P.E. Green, Jr., "Fiber Optic Networks", Prentice Hall, NJ, 1993
- R6. Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, "Optical Networks : A Practical Perspective", Harcourt Asia Pvt Ltd., Second Edition 2004


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1204	RF System Design	3	0	0	3

The student should be able to

Course Objective

1. Describe RF circuit parameters and terminology
2. Design and analyze basic resonators and RF Filters.
3. Give thorough understanding on various RF components.
4. Learn how to characterize device for power amplifier design.
5. Impart knowledge on Oscillators and mixers.

Course pre requisite

1. Electronic Circuits. 2. Transmission Lines and Waveguides
3. Microwave engineering

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	INTRODUCTION TO RF DESIGN	
I	Importance of RF design, Electromagnetic Spectrum, RF behavior of passive Components, Chip components and Circuit Board considerations, Scattering Parameters, Smith Chart and applications.	9
	RF FILTER DESIGN	
II	Overview , Basic resonator and filter configuration, Special filter realizations, Filter implementations, Coupled filter.	9
	ACTIVE RF COMPONENTS & APPLICATIONS	
III	RF diodes, BJT, RF FETs, High electron mobility transistors; Matching and Biasing Networks – Impedance matching using discrete components, Microstripline matching networks, Amplifier classes of operation and biasing networks	9
	RF AMPLIFIER DESIGNS	
IV	Characteristics, Amplifier power relations, Stability considerations, Constant gain circles, Constant VSWR circles, Broadband , high power and multistage amplifiers	9
	OSCILLATORS, MIXERS & APPLICATIONS	
V	Basic Oscillator model, High frequency oscillator configuration, Basic characteristics of Mixers, Phase Locked Loops , RF couplers Wilkinson divider and Lange coupler , Detector and demodulator circuits.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Describe the various active and passive components of RF circuits

CO2: Analyze the microstrip line filters

CO3: Analyze the biasing methods for RF amplifiers

CO4: Design matching networks using smith chart.

CO5: Compare various Oscillators for their performance.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Reinhold Ludwig and Powel Bretchko, "RF Circuit Design – Theory and Applications", Pearson Education Asia, First Edition, 2001
- R2 - Joseph . J. Carr, "Secrets of RF Circuit Design" , McGraw Hill Publishers, Third Edition, 2000.
- R3 - Mathew M. Radmanesh, "Radio Frequency & Microwave Electronics", Pearson Education Asia, Second Edition, 2002.
- R4 - Ulrich L. Rohde and David P. NewKirk, "RF & Microwave Circuit Design", John Wiley & Sons USA 2000.
- R5 - Roland E. Best, "Phase - Locked Loops : Design, simulation and applications", McGraw Hill Publishers 5th edition 2003

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1205	Research Methodology and IPR	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

- 1.To impart knowledge and skills required for research and IPR:
- 2.Problem formulation, analysis and solutions.
- 3.Technical paper writing / presentation without violating professional ethics
- 4.Patent drafting and filing patents.

Course Pre requisite Intellectual property Rights

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	RESEARCH PROBLEM FORMULATION -Meaning of research problem- Sources of research problem, criteria characteristics of a good research problem, errors in selecting a research problem, scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, necessary instrumentations	9
II	LITERATURE REVIEW Effective literature studies approaches, analysis, plagiarism, and research ethics	9
III	TECHNICAL WRITING /PRESENTATION Effective technical writing, how to write report, paper, developing a research proposal, format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee.	9
IV	INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR) Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.	9
V	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (IPR) Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications. New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System, IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45.


Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

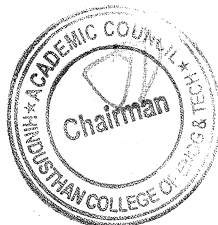
CO1:Ability to formulate research problem
CO2:Ability to carry out research analysis
CO3:Ability to follow research ethics
CO4:Ability to understand that today's world is controlled by Computer, Information Technology, but
CO5:Tomorrow world will be ruled by ideas, concept, and creativity

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962
- R2- Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd ,2007.
- R3- Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992
- R4- Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- R5- Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners" 2010


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM1001	Signal Processing and Communication Laboratory	0	0	4	2
Course Objective	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Impart knowledge on filters for real time applications and to gain understanding in transfer function design, multirate concepts. 2. Work on real time speech and applications and to implement digital communication techniques, system level and circuit level modeling. 3. Understand the communication systems in system level and sub-block level design and testing. 					
Course Pre requisite	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Digital Signal Processing Lab 2. Digital Communication Lab 					

S.NO

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Simulation using MATLAB / EQUIVALENT SOFTWARE PACKAGE

1. IIR Filter Design
2. Noise Cancellation
3. Echo Cancellation
4. Multirate signal processing
5. Subband Coding of Speech Signals
6. Estimate the PSD of a noisy signal using periodogram and modified periodogram
7. Generation & detection of binary digital modulation techniques
8. Performance evaluation of simulated CDMA system
9. Spread Spectrum communication system - Pseudo random binary sequence generation
10. Channel equalizer design

TOTAL HOURS 45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Design filter for processing specific frequency bands

CO2: Implement the adaptive filtering algorithms

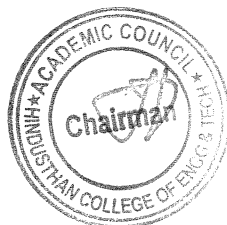
CO3: Estimate and predict the noise for effective communication

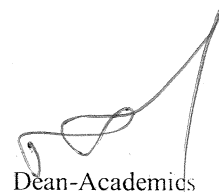
CO4: generate and detect digital communication signals of various modulation techniques

CO5: Evaluate cellular mobile communication technology and propagation model



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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2201	Advanced Wireless Communication and Networks	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

1. To categorize various multipath propagation and its characteristics.
2. To assess the concepts and performance of OFDM and OFDMA systems.
3. To learn the block diagram of transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA, MIMO and LTE systems.
4. To gain knowledge on the concepts of cognitive radio and its applications.
5. To analyze the various wireless networks and its characteristics management.

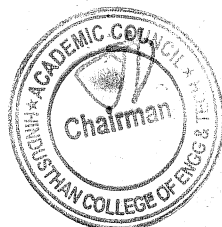
Course pre requisite

1. Wireless Communication
2. Digital Communication

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	<p>MULTIPATH FADING CHANNELS AND DIVERSITY</p> <p>Multipath Propagation-Fading-intersymbol Interference-Spectrum Limitations-Fast Fading Wireless Channel Modeling-Rayleigh and Ricean Fading Channels-BER Performance in Fading Channels - Frequency Selective and Frequency Nonselective Fading Channels - Examples of Multipath Fading Channels- Diversity modeling for Wireless Communications-BER Performance Improvement with diversity.</p>	9
II	<p>OFDM AND OFDMA SYSTEMS</p> <p>Basic principles of OFDM – Block diagram of transmitter and receiver in OFDM system- Effect of multipath on OFDM symbols, cyclic prefix and zero padding – BER performance of OFDM scheme – Performance of Coded OFDM System - Synchronization for OFDM - Effect of CFO- Introduction to PAPR- PAPR Reduction Techniques.Introduction to OFDMA - Block diagram of OFDMA uplink and downlink transmission – Resource Allocation - Resource Allocation Algorithms - Scheduling- Quality of Service- OFDMA based Mobile WiMax (IEEE 802.16e.)</p>	9
III	<p>MC-CDMA, MIMO AND LTE</p> <p>Introduction to MC-CDMA System – Block diagram of Transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA -Bit Error Rate of MC-CDMA System- Variants Based on MC-CDMA Scheme. Introduction to MIMO– Channel Capacity and Information rates of noisy, AWGN and fading channels –MIMO for multi-carrier systems (MIMO-OFDM) – MIMO Diversity (Alamouti, OSTBC); Motivation and Targets for LTE- Overview of LTE- LTE network architecture – LTE Advanced- Architecture of LTE Radio Protocol Stacks.</p>	9
IV	<p>COGNITIVE RADIO AND ITS APPLICATIONS</p> <p>Introduction to Cognitive Radio-Motivation and Purpose – Spectrum Allocation in Cognitive Radio Networks - Cognitive Transceiver architecture- Radio Resource Allocation for Cognitive Radio - Spectrum Sensing – Spectrum Sharing – Spectrum Mobility – Spectrum Management – Regulatory issues – Implications of Cognitive radio network- Emerging Cognitive Radio Applications in Cellular Networks.</p>	9
V	<p>WIRELESS NETWORKS</p> <p>Networking Basics - Development of Computer Networks: An Overview- Network Types- Peer-to-Peer Networks- Local Area Networks (LANs)- Wide Area Networks (WANs)- Personal Area Networksee (PANs)- The Internet- Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) - Network Topologies- Choosing the Right Topology- Network Hardware and Software- Networking Components- Networking Software- Networking Protocol: TCP/IP, Wireless LANs evolution- Basic architecture – WLAN Adopters –Access Points- WLAN Configurations- WLAN Standards, Architecture and specifications , WiMAX, WiBro, and WiFi.</p>	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

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**Course
Outcome**

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

- CO1: Analyze the basics of multipath propagation and its characteristics.
- CO2: Compare and contrast the performance of OFDM and OFDMA systems.
- CO3: Describe the operation of transmitter and receiver of MC-CDMA, MIMO and LTE systems.
- CO4: Illustrate the impact of cognitive radio and its applications.
- CO5: Distinguish the performance various wireless networks and its characteristics.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Andreas F. Molisch, Wireless Communications, 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2011.
- R2- Yong Soo Cho, Jaekwon Kim, Won Young Yang and Chung G. Kang, MIMO-OFDM Wireless Communications with MATLAB, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pte Ltd, 2010.
- R3- Shinsuke Hara and Ramjee Prasad, "Multicarrier Techniques for 4G Mobile Communications", 2003.
- R4- Harri Holma and Antti Toskala, "LTE for UMTS –OFDMA and SC-FDMA Based Radio Access", John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2009.
- R5- Tao Jiang, Lingyang Song and Van Zhang, "Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access Fundamentals and Applications" Taylor and Francis Group, 2010.
- R6- Tolga M. Duman and Ali Ghayeb, "Coding for MIMO Communication Systems", John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2007.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME	20CM2202	Microwave Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. Understand the purpose of planar transmission lines and components at microwave frequencies.
 2. Analyze the impedance matching networks using lumped and distributed elements.
 3. Categorize and design different microwave amplifiers and oscillators.
 4. Compare different mixer and control circuits used at microwave frequencies.
 5. Gain knowledge on various techniques used in Microwave IC Design and its Measurements

Course pre requisite

1. Transmission Lines and Wave Guides
2. RF & Microwave Engineering

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	PLANAR TRANSMISSION LINES AND COMPONENTS	
I	Review of Transmission line theory – S parameters-Transmission line equations – reflection coefficient – VSWR – Microstrip lines: Structure, waves in microstrip, Quasi-TEM approximation, Coupled lines: Even mode and odd mode analysis – Microstrip discontinuities and components – Strip line – Slot line – Coplanar waveguide – Filters – Power dividers and Couplers	9
	IMPEDANCE MATCHING NETWORKS	
II	Circuit Representation of two port RF/Microwave Networks: Low Frequency Parameters, High Frequency Parameters, Transmission Matrix, ZY Smith Chart, Design of Matching Circuits using Lumped Elements, Matching Network Design using Distributed Elements	9
	MICROWAVE AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR DESIGN	
III	Characteristics of microwave transistors – Stability considerations in active networks – Gain Consideration in Amplifiers – Noise Consideration in active networks – Broadband Amplifier design – Oscillators: Oscillator versus Amplifier Design – Oscillation conditions – Design and stability considerations of Microwave Transistor Oscillators.	9
	MIXERS AND CONTROL CIRCUITS	
IV	Mixer Types – Conversion Loss – SSB and DSB Mixers – Design of Mixers: Single Ended Mixers – Single Balanced Mixers – Sub Harmonic Diode Mixers, Microwave Diodes, Phase Shifters – PIN Diode Attenuators	9
	MICROWAVE IC DESIGN AND MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES	
V	Microwave Integrated Circuits – MIC Materials- Hybrid versus Monolithic MICs – Multichip Module Technology – Fabrication Techniques, Miniaturization Techniques, Introduction to SOC, SOP, Test Fixture Measurements, Probe Station Measurements, Thermal and Cryogenic Measurements, Experimental Field Probing Techniques.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

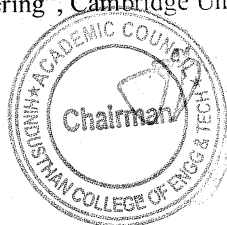
- CO1: Understand the theory of transmission lines used at microwave frequencies.
- CO2: Design and analyze various impedance matching networks using microwave components.
- CO3: Perform stability analysis and be able to design amplifiers and oscillators at microwave frequencies.
- CO4: Understand and analyze various the mixer and control circuits used at microwave frequencies.
- CO5: Perform stability analysis in the design of microwave amplifiers and oscillators.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Jia Sheng Hong, M. J. Lancaster, "Microstrip Filters for RF/Microwave Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2001
- R2- David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", II Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1998
- R3- Guillermo Gonzalez, "Microwave Transistor Amplifiers – Analysis and Design", II Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey
- R4- Thomas H.Lee, "Planar Microwave Engineering", Cambridge University Press, 2004

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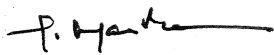
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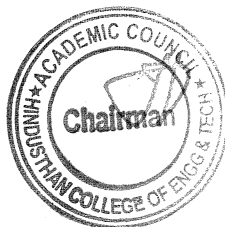
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R5- Matthew M. Radmanesh, "Radio Frequency and Microwave Electronics", Pearson Education, II Edition 2002
R6- Ravender Goyal, "Monolithic MIC; Technology & Design", Artech House, 1989.



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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2001	Communication Networks Laboratory	0	0	4	2

- Course Objective**
- To develop an understanding of basics multipath propagation and its characteristics, functioning of IP network and TCP protocols in Wireless Environment.
 - To learn the concepts of OFDM, OFDMA, MIMO system and match with their theoretical concepts.
 - To interpret MC-CDMA system Bit Error Rate.
- Course pre requisite**
- 1.Networks Laboratory
 - 2.Analog and Digital Communication Laboratory

- | Exp.No. | Description of the Experiments |
|---------|---|
| 1. | Path loss Measurement and Characterization of Wireless Channels |
| 2. | Wireless Channel equalizer design (ZF / LMS / RLS) using Simulation Packages. |
| 3. | OFDM transceiver design using Simulation Packages. |
| 4. | Simulation of MIMO systems using Simulation Packages. |
| 5. | Analysis of Bit Error Rate of MC-CDMA System |
| 6. | Cellular network modelling and performance analysis in terms of Blocking Probability and Spectral Efficiency. |
| 7. | Implement wireless to wireless communication using wireless protocol. |
| 8. | Algorithms to implement packet forwarding/ packet classification/packet switching in IP Routers |
| 9. | Implement applications using TCP & UDP sockets like (i) DNS (ii)SNMP (iii) File Transfer |
| 10. | Simulating a Mobile Adhoc Network using Wifi Network |

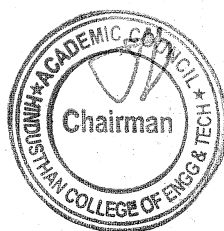
Total Practical Hours 45

- Course Outcome**
- After completion of the course the learner will be able to**
- CO1: Design and analyse the multipath fading channels and diversity.
CO2: Design and implement BER performance of OFDM scheme
CO3: Analyse the performance of MIMO for multi carrier system. --
CO4. Analyze the performance of MC-CDMA system.
CO5: Design and implement communication protocol for different functionalities



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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES -I, II & III offered during Semester -II

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2301	Information Theory and Coding Techniques	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. To provide an insight into the concept of information in the context of communication theory.
 2. To explore in detail, the calculations of channel capacity to support error-free transmission and also, the most commonly used source coding and channel coding algorithms.
 3. To encourage and train to design coding schemes for data compression and error correction.
 4. To learn the principles and applications of information theory in communication systems.
 5. To teach coding schemes, including error correcting codes.

Course Prerequisite Probabilistic Methods in Engineering

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	BCH AND REED-SOLOMON CODES BCH codes - Reed-Solomon codes - Decoding BCH and RS codes - finding the Error Locator Polynomial - Non-binary BCH and RS Decoding - Erasure decoding for Non-binary BCH and RS codes - Galois field Fourier Transform method - variations and extensions of Reed-Solomon codes.	9
II	ITERATIVELY DECODED CODES Construction and Notation - Tanner Graphs - Transmission through Gaussian Channel - Decoding LDPC codes - The iterative decoder on General Block Codes - Density Evolution - EXIT charts for LDPC codes - Irregular LDPC codes- LDPC code construction - Encoding LDPC codes - Low-Density Generator Matrix codes - Serial Concatenated codes- Repeat - Accumulate codes - Irregular RA codes.	9
III	LOW DENSITY PARITY CHECK CODES EG-LDPC codes - PG-LDPC codes - Shortened finite geometry LDPC codes - Gallager LDPC codes - Masked EG-Gallager LDPC codes - Quasi-cyclic codes by circulant decomposition - Random LDPC codes - Graph - Theoretic LDPC codes - Construction of LDPC codes based on Balanced incomplete block designs - Concatenations with LDPC and Turbo codes.	9
IV	DESIGN OF LDPC DECODERS An Overview of Trellis - coded Modulation - Capacity of Two-dimensional Signal Sets-Bit-interleaved Trellis Coded Modulation Based on Turbo and -LDPC Codes - Design of Flexible Inter-leavers and Parity - check Matrices - Puncturing Strategies - Parallel Architectures for High-speed Decoders and Their Implementation.	9
V	SPACE-TIME CODING Introduction - Fading Channels - Diversity Transmission and Reception: the MIMO channel - Space-time block codes - complex orthogonal Designs - Space-time trellis codes.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

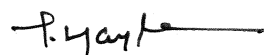
Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Design communication systems with error control capabilities.
 CO2: Apply information theory and linear algebra in source coding and channel coding
 CO3: Understand various error control encoding and decoding techniques.
 CO4: Understand the design of LDPC decoders.
 CO5: Analyze the coded word for error detection and correction due to channel noise

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1-Todd K Moon, "Error Correction Coding: Mathematical Methods and Algorithms", Wiley, 2005
 R2-Richard B Wells, "Applied Coding and Information Theory for Engineers", Prentice Hall, 1999.
 R3-Peter Sweeney, "Error Control Coding: From Theory to Practice", Wiley,2002.
 R4-Shu Lin, Daniel J. Costello, "Error control coding", 2nd Edition, Pearson,2005



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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P
ME-CS	20CM2303	Vehicular Systems and Network	3	0	0

- The student should be able to
- Course Objective**
1. To understand the basic concepts of vehicular networks and the applications.
 2. To examine MAC protocols and heterogeneous wireless communication used in vehicular networks.
 3. To assess the various routing protocols and IP address configuration.
 4. To analyze message scheduling.
 5. To evaluate the network mobility problems in vehicular networks.

Course Prerequisite Data Communication and Networks

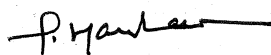
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	INTRODUCTION TO VEHICULAR NETWORK	
I	Vehicular network definition, special characteristics, technical challenges, Evolution and progress, Vehicular network application and services, public safety application, vehicular traffic coordination, road traffic management.	9
	MAC PROTOCOLS & HETEROGENEOUS WIRELESS COMMUNICATION	
II	DSRC spectrum and applications for vehicular networks, IEEE standards for MAC protocols - A cluster based, A distributed MAC protocol, Priority based secure MAC protocol, Introduction to heterogeneous wireless communications, enabling technologies for vehicular communication networks, platform for design and simulation.	9
	ROUTING IN VEHICULAR NETWORKS	
III	Challenges and requirements for routing protocols, classification, basic solutions, Map based solutions, based on trajectories, based on traffic information. Adhoc IP address auto configuration problem, IP address auto configuration solution requirements, Analysis of solution space, IP address auto configuration in vehicular networks	9
	MESSAGE SCHEDULING	
IV	Context and motivations, congestion control approaches, dynamic message scheduling, Analysis and validation	9
	NETWORK MOBILITY	
V	The network mobility problem, NEMO basic support protocol, NEMO route optimization, NEMO in vehicular scenario, Mobile Adhoc NEMO.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

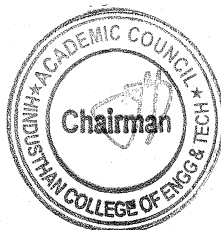
After completion of the course the learner will be able to

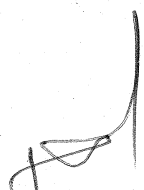
- Course Outcome**
- CO1 : Understand the basic concepts of vehicular networks and the applications.
CO2 : Examine MAC protocols and heterogeneous wireless communication used in vehicular networks.
CO3 : Assess the routing protocols and IP address configuration.
CO4 : Analyze dynamic message scheduling
CO5 : Evaluate network mobility problems in vehicular networks

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1-HassnaaMoustafa and Yan Zhang, — Vehicular networks – Techniques, Standards and applications! CRC Press, New York, 2009
R2-StephenOlariu and Michele C Weigle, — Vehicular networks – From theory to Practice!, CRC Press, New York, 2009.
R3 - H. Hartensteinand K. P. Laberteaux, —VANET: Vehicular Applications and InterNetworking Technologies, Wiley, 2010
R4- C. Sommer, F. Dressler, —Vehicular Networking!,Cambridge University Press, 2015


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2305	Embedded And Internet of Things	3	0	0	3

The student should be able to

Course Objective

1. Understand and acquire knowledge on the architecture of embedded systems.
2. Analyze the different peripheral devices, Communication buses and Protocols.
3. Evolves the concepts IoT protocols and IoT Security.
4. Analyze the different cloud servers and APP development tools.
5. Apply the concept of Internet of Things in real world scenario.

Course prerequisite 21EC5201- Microprocessor and Micro Controller
21EC6251-Embedded Systems and IOT

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	COMPONENTS OF EMBEDDED SYSTEMS	
I	Introduction to Embedded Systems Embedded Design Life Cycle. Overview of ARM Processors. Functional block diagram of ARM Cortex-A, Cortex-R and Cortex-M series controllers and its features.	9
	PERIPHERAL INTERFACING TECHNIQUES	
II	Memory Management - Program Memory, Data Memory. AHB and APB Bus Structure. GPIOs, Timer/Counters, Capture/Compare Modules, PWM, QEI, RTC, WDT, DMA, EEPROM and PLL. Serial Peripherals: UART, I2C, SPI, CAN and USB. Hardware and Software Interrupts, Analog Peripherals: ADC, DAC and Analog Comparators.	9
	INTERNET OF THINGS	
III	Introduction, IoT protocols: MQTT and AMQP, IoT Security: AES and TLS1.2, FOTA, Consumer Electronics IoT, Automotive IoT, Health Care IoT and Industrial IoT.	9
	CLOUD AND APP FACILITIES FOR IoT	
IV	Amazon Web Services Cloud (AWS), MS Azure, IBM Bluemix, Carriots and Thing Speak, GE predix. MIT App Inventor and Android App Development tools.	9
	CASE STUDY	
V	Simple problems simulation using IDE, Smart Sensors Interfacing, Experimenting Serial Communication Protocols, Remote Monitoring and Control through Web Browser using WiFi, Cloud based Data Analysis.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

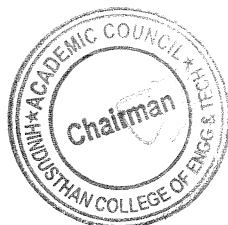
Course Outcome

- CO1: Describe the architecture of embedded system and compare various embedded processors.
CO2: Understand and compare various communication protocols.
CO3: Describe the concepts of IoT.
CO4: Describe cloud servers and APP development.
CO5: Analyze applications of IoT in real time scenario.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijai Madiseti "Internet of Things: A Hands-on Approach", Bahga & Madiseti, 2014
2. Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to Arm(r) Cortex -M Microcontrollers: Volume 2", Create Spac Independent Publishing Platform, 2012.
3. Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Systems: Real-Time Interfacing to Arm(r) Cortex -M Microcontrollers: Volume 1", Create Spac Independent Publishing Platform, 2011.
4. Steve Furber, "ARM System-on-Chip Architecture", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009
5. Arnold S. Berger, "Embedded Systems Design: An Introduction to Processes, Tools, and Techniques" CMP Books, 2002.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3308	Micro-Electro Mechanical Systems	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

1. To understand the concepts of MEMS products, sensors and fabrication.
2. To impart the mechanics for MEMS design.
3. To infer the electro static design and system issues for MEMS.
4. To Illustrate the MEMS applications.
5. To apply the concepts of RF MEMS and optical MEMS.

Course prerequisite

19EC4201R- Electro Magnetic Fields and waves
19EC7202 -Optical and Microwave Engineering

Unit

Description

Instructional Hours

I	UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEMS MEMS and Microsystems, Miniaturization, Typical products, Micro sensors, Micro actuation, MEMS with micro actuators, Micro-accelerometers and Micro fluidics, MEMS materials, Micro fabrication	9
II	UNIT II MECHANICS FOR MEMS DESIGN Elasticity, Stress, strain and material properties, Bending of thin plates, Spring configurations, torsional deflection, Mechanical vibration, Resonance, Thermo mechanics – actuators, force and response time, Fracture and thin film mechanics	9
III	UNIT III ELECTRO STATIC DESIGN AND SYSTEM ISSUES Electrostatics: basic theory, electro static instability. Surface tension, gap and finger pull up, Electro static actuators, Comb generators, gap closers, rotary motors, inch worms, Electromagnetic actuators. Bi-stable actuators. Electronic Interfaces, Feedback systems, Noise , Circuit and system issues	9
IV	UNIT IV MEMS APPLICATION Case studies – Capacitive accelerometer, Peizo electric pressure sensor, Micro-fluidics application, Modeling of MEMS systems, CAD for MEMS.	9
V	UNIT V INTRODUCTION TO OPTICAL AND RF MEMS Optical MEMS, - System design basics – Gaussian optics, matrix operations, resolution. Case studies, MEMS scanners and retinal scanning display, Digital Micro mirror devices. RF Memes – design basics, case study – Capacitive RF MEMS switch, performance issues	9

Total Instructional Hours 45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

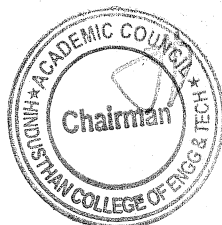
- CO1: Able to demonstrate an understanding of the different aspects of micro-system design.
CO2: Familiar with Mechanical and the Electrostatic design aspects
CO3: Familiar with the different applications and their design basics
CO4: In a position to identify a suitable MEMS structure, material and fabrication procedure based on the application and functionality.
CO5: Capable of applying his knowledge and design tools and will be well practiced in design skills.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Stephen Santerria, "Microsystems Design", Kluwer publishers, 2000.
R2 - N.P.Mahalik, "MEMS", Tata McGraw hill, 2007
R3 - Nadim Maluf, "An introduction to Micro electro mechanical system design", Artech House, 2000
R4 - Mohamed Gad-el-Hak, "The MEMS Handbook", CRC press Baco Raton,2000.
R5 - Tai Ran Hsu, "MEMS & Micro systems Design and Manufacture", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2002.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3304	Advanced Radiation Systems	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
- To enhance the students knowledge in the area of various antenna design and to make them understand their radiation mechanism
 - To introduce the students various types of antennas and their performance Characteristics.
 - To design various broad band antennas
 - To learn basics of microstrip antennas and its radiation analysis
 - To investigate the theory and applications of antenna measurement techniques.

- Course prerequisite**
1. Transmission Lines and Waveguides
 2. Antenna and Wave Propagation

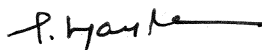
Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	CONCEPTS OF RADIATION	
I	Physical Concept of Radiation: Radiation from surface and line current distributions -radiation pattern - near and far field regions - reciprocity - directivity and gain – effective aperture - polarization - input impedance - efficiency - Friss transmission equation – radiation integrals and auxiliary potential functions.	9
	APERTURE AND REFLECTOR ANTENNAS	
II	Huygens’s principle - radiation from rectangular and circular apertures – design considerations - Babinets principle - radiation from sectoral - pyramidal - conical and corrugated horns - design concepts of parabolic reflectors and cassegrain antennas.	9
	BROADBAND ANTENNAS	
III	Principles - design and properties of log periodic - yagi-uda - frequency independent antennas - loop antenna - helical antennas - biconical antennas - broadcast antenna - spiral antenna and slot antennas.	9
	MICROSTRIP ANTENNAS	
IV	Microstrip Antennas: Radiation mechanism - parameters and applications - feeding methods -method of analysis - design of rectangular and circular patch - impedance matching of microstrip antennas.	9
	MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS	
V	Antenna Impedance and Radiation Measurements-Antennas for biomedical applications - smart antennas for mobile communications – antenna for infrared detectors - marine applications - plasma antennas.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

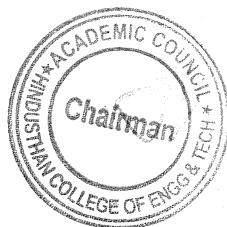
After completion of the course the learner will be able to


- Course Outcome**
- CO1: Understand the fundamentals behind the recent techniques in antenna technology
 - CO2: Design and assess the performance of various Aperture and Reflector antennas
 - CO3: Analyze various broadband antennas and design techniques
 - CO4: Design a Micro strip antenna
 - CO5: Identify the antennas specific to the applications

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Jordan E.C, “Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems”, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- R2- Balanis C.A, “Antenna Theory”, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2003
- R3- J.D. Krauss, “Antennas”, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
- R4- Elliot, “Antenna Theory and Design”, IEEE press, 2003.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2311	Massive Mimo And mm Wave Systems	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective
- 1.To understand the principles and challenges involved in the design of Massive MIMO systems
 - 2.To understand the propagation aspects of Millimeter wave signals and the fundamentals of Millimeter wave devices and circuits.
 - 3.To understand the various components of Millimeter wave MIMO systems.
 4. To infer the various modulation methods of mm wave communication systems.
 5. To discuss the mm wave systems.

Course prerequisite
1.Microwave Engineering

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION Massive MIMO: principles, characteristics and transmission/detection techniques; Channel hardening in large dimensions,- Channel Models – Effect of spatial correlation – Channel Estimation – Pilot contamination in massive MIMO – Implementation challenges and Standardization.	9
II	PRECODING IN LARGE MIMO SYSTEMS SVD precoding, Precoding in a multiuser MIMO downlink –Linear precoding- Linear precoding, Non-linear precoding, Precoding in large multiuser MISO systems, Multicell precoding.	9
III	Mm WAVE PROPAGATION Millimeter wave characteristics- millimeter wave wireless, implementation challenges, Radio wave propagation for mm wave: Large scale propagation channel effects, small scale channel effects, Outdoor and Indoor channel models, Emerging applications of millimeter wave communications.	9
IV	Mm WAVE COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS Modulations for millimeter wave communications: OOK, PSK, FSK, QAM, OFDM, Millimeter wave link budget, Transceiver architecture, Transceiver without mixer, Receiver without Oscillator, millimeter wave calibration, production and manufacture, Millimeter wave design considerations.	9
V	Mm WAVE MIMO SYSTEMS Massive MIMO Communications, Spatial diversity of Antenna Arrays, Multiple Antennas, Multiple Transceivers, Noise coupling in MIMO system, Potential benefits for mm wave systems, Spatial, Temporal and Frequency diversity, Dynamic spatial, frequency and modulation allocation, Beamforming for MmWave communications: Analog beamforming, digital beamforming and hybrid Beamforming.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

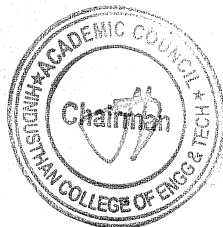
Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Ability to appreciate Massive MIMO: characteristics and implementation challenges
CO2: Understand the need and impact of different precoding approaches
CO3: Ability to characterize propagation issues at Millimeter wave frequencies
CO4: Ability to estimate link budget and identify Millimeter wave devices and circuits specifications
CO5: Understand and appreciate the various implementation aspects of mmWave MIMO systems.

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REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Chockalingam and B. Sundar Rajan, "Large MIMO Systems", Cambridge University Press, 2014.
R2- Ezio Biglieri, Robert Calderbank, Anthony Constantinides, Andrea Goldsmith, Arogyaswami Paulraj, Vincent Poor, "MIMO Wireless Communications", Cambridge University Press, 2006.
R3- I. Robertson, N. Somjit and M. Chongcheawchamnan, "Microwave and Millimetre-Wave Design for Wireless Communications", 2016.
R4- T.S. Rappaport, R.W. Heath Jr., R.C. Daniels and J.N. Murdock, "Millimeter Wave Wireless Communications: Systems and Circuits", 2015.
R5- K.C. Huang, Z. Wang, "Millimeter Wave Communication Systems", Wiley-IEEE Press, 2011.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2312 R	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
- 1.To understand the concepts and mathematical foundations of machine learning.
 - 2.To explore the various Machine learning approaches in Linear models for Classification.
 3. To learn the role of probabilistic methods for machine learning.
 4. To learn different aspects of dimensionality reduction techniques and evolutionary models.
 5. To understand the concepts of data analytics in machine learning.

- Course prerequisite**
1. Digital Image Processing
 2. 20MA1102 - Advanced Mathematics for Electrical and Electronics Engineering

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING Learning Algorithms -Supervised Learning Algorithms - Unsupervised Learning Algorithms - Overfitting and Underfitting – Hyper parameters and Validation Sets - Neural Networks – Perceptron- Building a Machine Learning Algorithm	9
II	LINEAR MODELS Multi-layer Perceptron -Going forwards-Going Backwards-Back Propagation of Error –Deriving Back Propagation – Radial Basis Function Network – Interpolations and Basis Functions	9
III	TREE AND PROBABILISTIC MODELS Learning with Trees – Decision Trees – Classification and Regression Trees – Probabilistic Learning – Nearest Neighbor Methods – Support Vector Machines - Unsupervised Learning – K means Algorithms – Self Organizing Feature Map	9
IV	DIMENSIONALITY REDUCTION AND EVOLUTIONARY MODELS Dimensionality Reduction – Linear Discriminant Analysis – Principal Component Analysis – Factor Analysis – Independent Component Analysis – Evolutionary Learning – Genetic algorithms – Generating Offspring: Genetic Operators – Reinforcement Learning.	9
V	MACHINE LEARNING ANALYTICS Data Types- Data Collections -Data Preprocessing-Data Analysis and Data Analytics-Descriptive Analysis- Diagnostic Analytics-Predictive Analytics -Prescriptive Analytics - Exploratory Analysis – Machine learning for data analysis.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

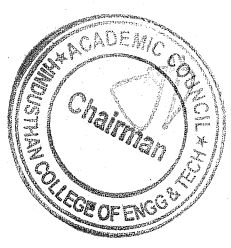
- After completion of the course the learner will be able to**
- CO1: Have a good understanding of the fundamental issues and challenges of machine learning: data, model selection, model complexity, etc.
- CO2: Analyze the strengths and weaknesses of various Linear models for Classification.
- CO3: Appreciate the underlying mathematical relationships within and across Machine Learning algorithms and the paradigms of supervised and un-supervised learning.
- CO4: Analyze the importance of dimensionality reduction and evolutionary learning approaches and apply for appropriate problems.
- CO5: Apply quantitative modeling and data analysis techniques to the solution of real world business problems, communicate findings, and effectively present results using data visualization techniques.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspective", Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition Series, 2014
- R2. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer-Verlag, New York, 2013.
- R3. Chirag Shah, A Hands-on Introduction to Data Science, Cambridge University Press, UK, 2020
- R4. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", First Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2013
- R5. Peter Flach, "Machine Learning: The Art and Science of Algorithms that Make Sense of Data", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2313	Communication Protocol for IOT	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. To infer the fundamentals IoT
 2. To understand the design principles of IoT
 3. To compare and analyze different standards for IoT
 4. To discuss the exposure to M2M Architecture and Light weight protocols
 5. To design and Implement IoT applications

Course prerequisite

- 1.Data Communication and Networks
- 2.Embedded Systems and IOT

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION: Internet of things overview, Design principles for connected devices, Web thinking for connected devices, Internet Principles.	9
II	6LOWPAN AND RPL: 6LoWPAN and RPL Standardization Adaptation Layer RPL Downward Routes, Multicast Membership, Packet Routing	9
III	ZIGBEE SMART ENERGY 2.0: REST Overview, ZigBee SEP 2.0 Overview, Function Sets and Device Types, ZigBee SE 2.0 Security	9
IV	ETSI M2M ARCHITECTURE: Introduction to ETSI TC M2M, System Architecture, ETSI M2M Interactions Overview, Security in the ETSI M2M Framework, Interworking with Machine Area Networks	9
V	COAP AND MQTT: Constrained application protocol overview, RFC 7252, MQTT basics, Developing Projects , connecting to server ,Controlling Output Devices.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

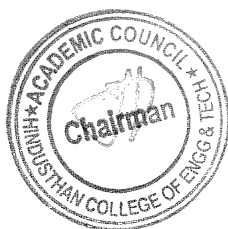
- Course Outcome**
- CO1: Study the introduction of IoT.
 - CO2: Ability to understand the concepts of 6LOWPAN and RPL
 - CO3: Understand the working of various Zigbee function and security.
 - CO4: Explain different architecture of M2M
 - CO5: Analyze different output devices

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Adrian McEwen,Hakim Cassimally |Designing the Internet of Things| John Wiley and Sons, Ltd , 2014.
- R2 - Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi —The Internet of Things: Key Applications and Protocols|, 2nd Edition John Wiley & Sons Ltd 2012
- R3 - Peter Waher —Learning Internet of Things| 2015 Packt Publishing.
- R4 - Jan Holler, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand, David Boyle —From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things| Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence , Academic Press 2014

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2314	Speech Signal Processing	3	0	0	3

The student should be able to
Course Objective
 CO1: Identify the mechanism and model of speech production.
 CO2: Apply auditory transforms Techniques
 CO3: Estimate LPC parameters and Feature extraction of speech signal.
 CO4: Illustrate Speech synthesis
 CO5: Demonstrate various algorithms for speech and audio signal processing

Course Pre requisite
 1.Digital Signal Processing
 2.Signals and System

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	MECHANISM OF SPEECH	
I	Introduction : Speech processing and application - Voice production Mechanism - Physiological and Mathematical Model – Nature of Speech signal - Acoustic Phonetics – Acoustics of speech production – Discrete time modeling of Speech production – Representation of Speech signals – Categorization of Speech Sounds based on the source-system and the articulatory model - Articulatory features.	9
	SPEECH SIGNAL PROCESSING CONCEPTS	
II	Discrete time speech signals, Fast Fourier transform and Z-transform for speech recognition, Convolution - Linear and Non linear filter banks. Spectral estimation of speech using the Discrete Fourier transform. Pole-zero modeling of speech and linear prediction (LP) analysis of speech. Homomorphic speech signal de convolution, real and complex cepstrum, application of cepstral analysis to speech signals..	9
	LINEAR PREDICTIVE ANALYSIS AND FEATURE EXTRACTION OF SPEECH	
III	Formulation of Linear Prediction problem in Time Domain – Basic Principle – Auto Correlation method – Covariance method – Solution of LPC equations – Cholesky Method – Durbin’s Recursive algorithm – pattern recognition methods for Pitch detection – Vocoders : CELP - VELP – Feature Extraction - MFCC, LPCC - Speech distortion measures :mathematical and perceptual – Log–Spectral Distance, Cepstral Distances,	9
	UNIT V SPEECH SYNTHESIS	
IV	Text-to-Speech Synthesis: Concatenative and waveform synthesis methods, hidden Markov model-based TTS, context dependent sub-word units for TTS, intelligibility and naturalness – role of prosody, Applications and current status.	9
	APPLICATION OF SPEECH & AUDIO SIGNAL PROCESSING	
V	Spectral Estimation – Spectral enhancement algorithm, dynamic time warping – Music analysis – Pitch Detection –Feature Extraction for ASR - Auditory models – Speaker identification and verification – Voice response system – voice over IP.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

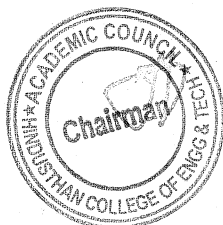
Course Outcome
 After completion of the course the learner will be able to
 CO1: Describe the fundamentals of speech and Model speech production.
 CO2: Estimate the different parameters and analysis in speech signal.
 CO3: Implement linear predictive analysis and extract features of speech signal.
 CO4: Build speech synthesis systems.
 CO5: Choose an appropriate algorithm in speech model for a given application.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Lawrence Rabiner and Biing-Hwang Juang, “Fundamentals of Speech Recognition”, Pearson Education, 2003.
- R2 - Thomas F Quatieri, “Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing – Principles and Practice”, Pearson 2012
- R3 - B. Gold and N. Morgan, "Speech and Audio Signal Processing: Processing and perception of speech and music", Wiley, Second edition,2011
- R4 - L. R. Rabiner and Schaffer, “Digital Processing of Speech signals Pearson Education”, 2004

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PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES -IV, V & VI offered during Semester -III

Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM2309	High Speed Switching and Network	3	0	0	0
Course Objective	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> To familiarize and understand the basics of switching technologies and their implementation in LAN To remember various queuing techniques and their impact on Queued switches. To understand the concepts of various packet switching architectures To extend the fundamentals of Optical Switching Architectures To impart knowledge on IP switching for of different high speed switching networks 					
Course pre requisite	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 21EC5251 Data Communication and Networks 21EC7251 Wireless Communication 					

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	UNIT I LAN SWITCHING TECHNOLOGY Switching Concepts, LAN Switching, switch forwarding techniques - cut through and store and forward, Layer 3 switching, Loop Resolution, Switch Flow control, virtual LANs. .	9
II	UNIT II QUEUES IN HIGH SPEED SWITCHES Internal Queuing -Input, output and shared queuing, multiple queuing networks – combined Input, output and shared queuing - performance analysis of Queued switches	9
III	UNIT III PACKET SWITCHING ARCHITECTURES Architectures of Internet Switches and Routers- Bufferless and buffered Crossbar switches, Multi-stage switching, Optical Packet switching; Switching fabric on a chip; Internally buffered Crossbars. Optical burst switches. MEMS optical switches.	9
IV	UNIT IV. OPTICAL SWITCHING ARCHITECTURES Need for Multilayered Architecture-, Layers and Sub-layers, Spectrum partitioning, Optical Network Nodes, Network Access Stations, Overlay Processor, Logical network overlays, Connection Management and Control	9
V	UNIT V IP SWITCHING Addressing model, IP Switching types - flow driven and topology driven solutions, IP Over ATM address and next hop resolution, multicasting, Ipv6 over ATM.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

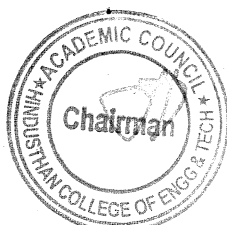
After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Remember basics of switching technologies and their implementation in LANs
 CO2: Describe different queuing techniques performances in high speed switches
 CO3: Demonstrate the performance of Internet switches and routers in packet switching architecture
 CO4: Identify suitable switching architectures for a specified networking scenario
 CO5: Categorize various IP switching for high speed communication networks

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1-AchillePattavina, "Switching Theory: Architectures and performance in Broadband ATM networks ",John Wiley & Sons Ltd, New York. 1998
- R2-Thomas E. Stern, Georgios Ellinas, Krishna Bala, "Multiwavelength Optical Networks – Architecture, Design and control" , Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- R3- Rich Siefert, Jim Edwards, "The All New Switch Book – The Complete Guide to LAN Switching Technology", Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2nd Edition, 2008.
- R4-Elhany M. Hamdi, "High Performance Packet Switching architectures", Springer Publications, 2007.
- R5-Christopher Y Metz, "Switching protocols & Architectures", McGraw - Hill Professional Publishing, New York, 1998.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3306	Wireless Sensor Networks	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
- To impart the overview of wireless sensor networks characteristics challenges
 - To understand the optimization goals for design and implement of wireless sensor networks
 - To familiarize on MAC and Network layer protocols in implementing wireless sensor Networks.
 - To remember the various infrastructure establishment to locate and positioning of sensors in a network.
 - To understand the various hardware and software tools for designing wireless sensor networks

Course prerequisite
21EC7251 Wireless Communication

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
OVERVIEW OF WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS		
I	Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks-Characteristics requirements-required mechanisms, Difference between mobile ad-hoc and sensor networks, Applications of sensor networks- Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks.	9
ARCHITECTURES		
II	Single-Node Architecture - Hardware Components, Energy Consumption of Sensor Nodes , Operating Systems and Execution Environments, Network Architecture - Sensor Network Scenarios, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit, Gateway Concepts	9
NETWORKING OF SENSORS		
III	Physical Layer and Transceiver Design Considerations, MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks, Low Duty Cycle Protocols And Wakeup Concepts - S-MAC , The Mediation Device Protocol, Wakeup Radio Concepts, Address and Name Management, Assignment of MAC Addresses, Routing Protocols- Energy-Efficient Routing ,Geographic Routing.	9
INFRASTRUCTURE ESTABLISHMENT		
IV	Topology Control, Clustering, Time Synchronization, Localization and Positioning, Sensor Tasking and Control.	9
SENSOR NETWORK PLATFORMS AND TOOLS		
V	Operating Systems for Wireless Sensor Networks, Sensor Node Hardware – Berkeley Motes, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms, Node-level Simulators, State-centric programming.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

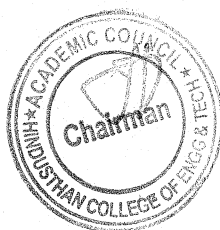
CO1: To interpret the wireless sensor network characteristics for various applications.
CO2: To differentiate the various sensor architecture and gate way concepts to build wireless sensor networks.
CO3: To examine the various network layer protocols to ensure proper message transfer between nodes
CO4: To describe the infrastructure establishment for exact positions and location.
CO5: To predict proper hardware with software tools to build sensor network with multiple tools

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, Protocols And Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks , John Wiley,2005.
- R2- Feng Zhao and Leonidas J. Guibas, Wireless Sensor Networks - An Information Processing Approach, Elsevier, 2007.
- R3-Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and Taieb Znati, Wireless Sensor Networks-Technology, Protocols, And Applications, John Wiley, 2007
- R4- Anna Hac, Wireless Sensor Network Designs, John Wiley, 2003.
- R5- Bhaskar Krishnamachari, Networking Wireless Sensors, Cambridge Press, 2005.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
M.E-CS	20CM3307	Cognitive Radio Network	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. To understand the fundamentals of Software Defined radio and compare various SDR platforms.
 2. To understand the evolving paradigm of cognitive radio communication and the enabling technologies for its implementation.
 3. To diagnose the availability of frequency resources by Spectrum Sensing.
 4. To analyze the various methods of implementing the Cognitive Radio functions.
 5. To discuss the techniques used to deal with the issues related to spectrum sensing and interference avoidance for cognitive radio systems

Course Prerequisite 1. Computer Communication and Networks

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO AND ITS ARCHITECTURE Definitions and potential benefits, software radio architecture evolution, technology tradeoffs and architecture implications. Essential functions of the software radio, basic SDR, hardware architecture, Computational processing resources, software architecture, top level component interfaces, interface topologies among plug and play modules.	9
II	COGNITIVE RADIOS AND ITS ARCHITECTURE Marking radio self-aware, cognitive techniques – position awareness, environment awareness in cognitive radios, optimization of radio resources, Artificial Intelligence Techniques, Cognitive Radio – functions, components and design rules, Cognition cycle – orient, plan, decide and act phases, Inference Hierarchy, Architecture maps, Building the Cognitive Radio Architecture on Software defined Radio architecture.	9
III	SPECTRUM SENSING AND IDENTIFICATION Overview-Classification-Matched Filter , waveform based sensing - cyclo stationary based sensing -Energy detector based sensing - Radio Identifier - Cooperative Sensing -Spectrum Opportunity Detection , Fundamental Trade-offs: Performance versus Constraint , MAC Layer Performance Measures, Global Interference Model, Local Interference Model, Fundamental Trade-offs: Sensing Accuracy versus Sensing Overhead.	9
IV	USER COOPERATIVE COMMUNICATIONS User Cooperation and Cognitive Systems , Relay Channels: General Three-Node Relay Channel, Wireless Relay Channel , User Cooperation in Wireless Networks: Two-User Cooperative Network, Cooperative Wireless Network , Multihop Relay Channel	9
V	INFORMATION THEORETICAL LIMITS ON CR NETWORKS Types of Cognitive Behavior, Interference-Avoiding Behavior: Spectrum Interweave, Interference-Controlled Behavior: Spectrum Underlay, Underlay in Small Networks: Achievable Rates, Underlay in Large Networks: Scaling Laws, Interference-Mitigating Behavior: Spectrum Overlay, Opportunistic Interference Cancellation, Asymmetrically Cooperating Cognitive Radio Channels.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

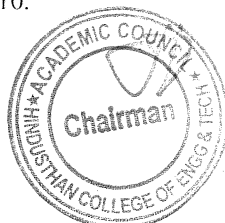
After completion of the course the learner will be able to

- CO1: Appreciate the motivation and the necessity for cognitive radio communication strategies.
CO2: Demonstrate understanding of the enabling technologies for its implementation.
Course Outcome CO3: Demonstrate understanding of the essential functionalities and requirements in designing software defined radios and their usage for cognitive communication.
CO4: Evolve new techniques and demonstrate their feasibility using mathematical validations and simulation tools.
CO5: Interpret the impact of the evolved solutions in future wireless network design.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1- . Alexander M. Wyglinski, Maziar Nekovee, And Y. Thomas Hou, “Cognitive Radio Communications and Networks - Principles And Practice”, Elsevier Inc. , 2010.

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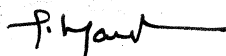
R2 - Kwang-Cheng Chen and Ramjee Prasad, "Cognitive Radio Networks", John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2009.

R3 -. Khattab, Ahmed, Perkins, Dmitri, Bayoumi, Magdy, "Cognitive Radio Networks - From Theory to Practice", Springer Series, Analog Circuits and Signal Processing, 2009.

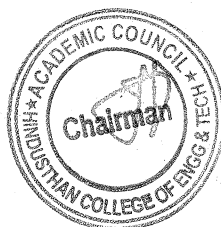
R4- J. Mitola, "Cognitive Radio: An Integrated Agent Architecture for software defined radio", Doctor of Technology thesis, Royal Inst. Technology, Sweden 2000.

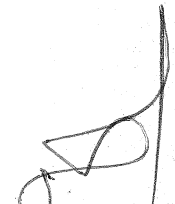
R5- Simon Haykin, "Cognitive Radio: Brain -empowered wireless communications", IEEE Journal on selected areas in communications, Feb 2005.

R6- Ian F. Akyildiz, Won - Yeol Lee, Mehmet C. Vuran, Shantidev Mohanty, "Next generation / dynamic spectrum access / cognitive radio wireless networks: A Survey Elsevier Computer Networks", May 2006.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P
ME-CS	20CM2310	Satellite Communications and Navigation Systems	3	0	0

The student should be able to

- Course Objective**
1. Understand the necessity for satellite-based communication
 2. Interpret the essential elements involved and the transmission methodologies.
 3. Analyze the link design and to identify the errors
 4. Understand the different interferences and attenuation mechanisms
 5. Expose the advances in satellite-based navigation, GPS and the different application scenarios.

Course prerequisite Satellite communication
Data communication and networks

Unit	Description	Instruction Hours
I	ELEMENTS OF SATELLITE COMMUNICATION Satellite Systems, Orbital description and Orbital mechanics of LEO, MEO and GSO, Placement of a Satellite in a GSO, Antennas and earth coverage, Altitude and eclipses, Satellite drift and station keeping, Satellite – description of different Communication subsystems, Bandwidth allocation.	9
II	SATELLITE SPACE SEGMENT AND ACCESS Introduction; attitude and orbit control system; telemetry, tracking and command; power systems, communication subsystems, antenna subsystem, equipment reliability and space qualification, Multiple Access: Demand assigned FDMA - spade system - TDMA - satellite switched TDMA –CDMA.	9
III	SATELLITE LINK DESIGN Basic link analysis, Interference analysis, Rain induced attenuation and interference, Ionospheric characteristics, Link Design: System noise temperature and G/T ratio, Downlink and uplink design, C/N, Link Design with and without frequency reuse, link margins, Error control for digital satellite link.	9
IV	SATELLITE BASED BROADBAND COMMUNICATION VSAT Network for Voice and Data – TDM/TDMA, SCPC/DAMA, Elements of VSAT Network, Mobile and Personal Communication Services, Satellite based Internet Systems, Multimedia Broadband Satellite Systems, UAVs.	9
V	SATELLITE NAVIGATION AND GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM Radio and Satellite Navigation, GPS Position Location Principles of GPS Receivers and Codes, Satellite Signal Acquisition, GPS Receiver Operation and Differential GPS, INS, Indian Remote Sensing and ISRO GPS Systems.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

- Course Outcome**
- CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of the basic principles of satellite-based communication
CO2: Examine the satellite link design and the communication system components.
CO3: Elaborate the mechanisms affecting the satellite link design.
CO4: Deduct the different communication, sensing and navigational applications of satellite.
CO5: Familiarize with the implementation aspects of existing satellite-based systems.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Wilbur L. Pritchard, Hendri G. Suyderhoud and Robert A. Nelson, "Satellite Communication Systems Engineering", Prenti Hall/ Pearson, 2007.
- R2 - Timothy Pratt and Charles W. Bostain, "Satellite Communications", John Wiley and Sons, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- R3 - D. Roddy, "Satellite Communication", McGraw Hill, 4th Edition (Reprint), 2009.
- R4 - Tri T Ha, "Digital Satellite Communication", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 1990.
- R5 - B.N. Agarwal, "Design of Geosynchronous Spacecraft", Prentice Hall, 1993.
- R6 - Brian Ackroyd, "World Satellite Communication and Earth Station Design", BSP Professional Books, 1990.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3315	Multimedia Compression	3	0	0	3

- The student should be conversant with
1. To understand the significance of data compression and the idea of various Huffman codes.
 2. To apply the knowledge Arithmetic coding approaches and dictionary coding techniques in data compression.
 3. To understand the concept of Audio compression methods and standards
 4. To apply the concept of Image compression standards and techniques.
 5. To infer the concept of Video compression methods and Video compression standards

Course pre requisite Digital Signal Processing, Digital Image Processing

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	UNIT I INTRODUCTION	9
I	Compression Techniques - Overview of information theory - lossless and lossy coding- Modeling and Coding - Taxonomy of compression techniques - Rate distortion theory - Huffman coding - Non-Binary Huffman codes - adaptive Huffman coding - Application of Huffman coding.	
	UNIT II ARITHMETIC CODING AND DICTIONARY TECHNIQUES	9
II	Introduction- coding a sequence - generating deciphering the tag - Generating a binary code - Uniqueness of arithmetic code - Algorithm, integer implementation - comparison of Huffman and arithmetic coding - Applications -Static and Adaptive dictionary - LZ77, LZ78, LZW approach - Applications - Facsimile encoding - run length coding - comparison of MH, MR, MMR and JBIG. Scalar and Vector Quantization	
	UNIT III AUDIO COMPRESSION	9
III	Audio compression techniques - frequency domain and filtering - basic sub-band coding - application to speech coding - G.722 - application to audio coding - MPEG audio - silence suppression - speech compression techniques -Vocoders.	
	UNIT IV IMAGE COMPRESSION	9
IV	Predictive techniques - DPCM, DM - KL transform - discrete cosine, Walsh- Hadamard transform - Transform Coding -JPEG, Wavelet based compression: quad-trees, EZW, SPIHT, JPEG-2000 -	
	UNIT V VIDEO COMPRESSION	9
V	Video signal representation - Motion compensation - MPEG standards - Motion estimation techniques - H.261 family of standards - Motion video compression.	
Total Instructional Hours		45

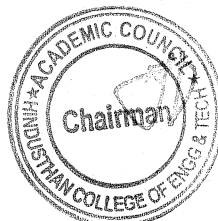
- After the completion of the course, the learner will be able to**
- Course Outcome**
- CO1: Able to differentiate different coding techniques.
 - CO2: Able to understand different arithmetic coding techniques.
 - CO3: Able to illustrate different audio compression standards.
 - CO4: Able to illustrate different Image compression standards.
 - CO5: Able to differentiate different video compression standards

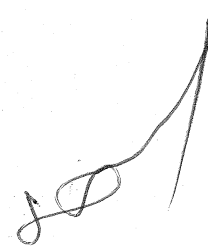
REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R2.-Salomon D, —Data Compression The Complete Referencel, Springer, 2007.
- R3- Salomon D, —A Guide to Data Compression Methodsl, Springer, 2002.
- R4-Jan Vozer, —Video Compression for Multimedial, AP Press, New York, 1995.
- R5-Alistar Moffat, —Compression and Coding Algorithmsl, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3316	Wavelets And Sub band Coding	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. Understand the various two dimensional transform definition, properties and applications
 2. To learn the fundamentals of wavelet transform and special wavelets.
 3. To design and implement wavelet based systems.
 4. To understand wavelet based analysis of multi scale phenomenon.
 5. To identify which wavelet transform is a suitable for a particular application.

Course Prerequisite 1. Digital signal processing. 2. Spectral estimation. 3. Signal Compression

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	INTRODUCTION Signal spaces - concept of Convergence - Hilbert spaces for energy signals. Fourier basis & Fourier Transform – Limitations of standard Fourier analysis – Need for Time-Frequency Analysis, Spectrogram plot – Windowed Fourier transform Tiling of the Time-Frequency Plane for STFT – Heisenberg’s Uncertainty principle – Short time Fourier transform (STFT) Analysis- short comings of STFT- Need for Wavelets.	9
II	CONTINUOUS WAVELET TRANSFORMS (CWT) Introduction, Continuous Time wavelets, Definition of CWT, The CWT as a correlation, Constant Q-Factor Filtering Interpolation and time frequency resolution, the CWT as an operator, inverse CWT.	9
III	DISCRETE WAVELET TRANSFORM (DWT) AND MRA Introduction, Approximation of vectors in nested linear vector spaces, example of an MRA- Bases for the approximations subspaces and Haar scaling function, Bases for detail subspaces and Haar wavelet, Formal definition of an MRA, Construction of a general orthonormal MRA, A wavelet basis for MRA, Interpreting orthonormal MRAs for Discrete time signals, Daubechies Wavelets, Relationship between Filter banks and wavelet basis, Important wavelets: Haar, Mexican hat, Meyer, Shannon, Daubechies	9
IV	ADVANCED TOPICS Wavelet packets, Non - separable multidimensional wavelets, Bi-orthogonal basis-B-Splines, Lifting scheme of wavelet generation, Multiwavelets, Ridgelets, Curvelets.	9
V	APPLICATIONS OF WAVELETS Signal Denoising - Sub-band coding of Speech and music– Image Compression using 2-D DWT- JPEG 2000 standard - Fractal Signal Analysis.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

Course Outcome

- CO1: Interpret analysis on various transform.
- CO2: Understand fundamentals of Continuous Wavelet Transforms
- CO3: Understand the fundamentals of Discrete Wavelet Transforms
- CO4: Explain concepts of various advanced wavelet techniques
- CO5: design applications based on wavelets

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1 - Soman K P and Ramachandran K I, “Insight into Wavelets from Theory to Practice”, Prentice Hall India, 2010
- R2 - Jaideva C Goswami and Andrew K Chan, “Fundamentals of Wavelets – Theory, Algorithms and Applications”, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Singapore, 1999.
- R3 - Fliege. N J, “Multirate Digital Signal Processing”, John Wiley and Sons, Newyork, 1994.
- R4 - Wornell G W, "Signal Processing with Fractals: A Wavelet based Approach", Prentice Hall, 1995.
- R5 - Vetterli, M and Kovacevic J, "Wavelets and Subband Coding." Prentice Hall, 1995.

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3318	Spread Spectrum Communications	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. To assess the state of art techniques in wireless communications.
 2. To familiarize the various multiple accessing methods.
 3. Understand spread spectrum technology for robust transmission.
 4. To analyze the tracking and synchronization methods of wideband signals.
 5. Examine error control coding which encompasses techniques for the encoding and decoding of digital data streams and the various spread spectrum modulation schemes.

- Course Prerequisites**
1. Digital Communication
 2. Fundamentals of Wireless Communications

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	Introduction to Spread Spectrum Systems: Fundamental Concepts of Spread Spectrum Systems, Pseudo Noise Sequences, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum, Frequency Hop Spread Spectrum, Hybrid Direct Sequence Frequency Hop Spread Spectrum, Code Division Multiple Access. Binary Shift Register Sequences for Spread Spectrum Systems Introduction, Definitions, Mathematical Background and Sequence Generator Fundamentals, Maximal Length Sequences, Gold Codes.	9
II	Code Tracking Loops: Introduction, Optimum Tracking of Wideband Signals, Base Band Delay-Lock Tracking Loop, Tau-Dither Non- Coherent Tracking Loop, Double Dither Non-Coherent Tracking Loop.	9
III	Initial Synchronization of the Receiver Spreading Code: Introduction, Problem Definition and the Optimum Synchronizer, Serial Search Synchronization Techniques, Synchronization using a Matched Filter, Synchronization by Estimated the Received Spreading Code.	9
IV	Cellular Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) Principles: Introduction, Wide Band Mobile Channel, The Cellular CDMA System, Single User Receiver in a Multi User Channel, CDMA System Capacity, Multi-User Detection in CDMA Cellular Radio, Optimal Multi-User Detection, Linear Suboptimal Detectors, Interference Combat Detection Schemes, Interference Cancellation Techniques.	9
V	Performance of Spread Spectrum Systems in Jamming Environments Spread Spectrum, Communication System Model, Performance of Spread Spectrum Systems without Coding. Performance of Spread Spectrum Systems with Forward Error Correction Elementary Block Coding Concepts, Optimum Decoding Rule, Calculation of Error Probability, Elementary Convolution Coding Concepts, Viterbi Algorithm, Decoding and Bit-Error Rate.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Ability to understand the concept of Spread Spectrum and study various types of Spread spectrum sequences and their generation.

CO2: Ability to understand the principles of Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) and use of Spread spectrum concept in CDMA.

CO3: Ability to understand various Code tracing loops for optimum tracking of wideband signals viz spread spectrum signals.

CO4: Ability to understand the procedure for synchronization of receiver for receiving the Spread spectrum signal.

CO5: Study the performance of spread spectrum systems in Jamming environment, systems with Forward Error Correction and Multiuser detection in CDMA cellular radio.

Course Outcome

REFERENCE BOOKS:

R1-Rodger E Ziemer, Roger L. Peterson and David E Borth - "Introduction to Spread Spectrum Communication- Pearson, 1st Edition, 1995.

R2-Mosa Ali Abu-Rgheff - "Introduction to CDMA Wireless Communications." Elsevier Publications, 2008

R3-George R. Cooper, Clare D. Mc Gillem - "Modern Communication and Spread Spectrum," McGraw Hill, 1986

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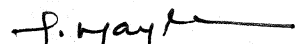
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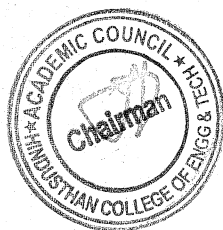



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R4-Andrew j. Viterbi - "CDMA: Principles of spread spectrum communication," Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 1995.
R5-Kamilo Feher - "Wireless Digital Communications," PHI, 2009. 4. Andrew Richardson - "WCDMA Design Handbook," Cambridge University Press, 2005. 5. Steve Lee - Spread Spectrum CDMA, McGraw Hill, 2002.


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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3319	Block Chain and Its Applications	3	0	0	3

Course Objective

1. Impart strong technical understanding of Blockchain technologies
2. To Explore the concept of Consensus in Blockchain
3. To Learn about Hyperledger Fabric model and its Architecture
4. To Identify the use cases for a Blockchain application

Course prerequisite

Computer communication and networks

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
I	Introduction to Blockchain: Digital Money to Distributed Ledgers , Design Primitives: Protocols, Security, Consensus, Permissions, Privacy. Blockchain Architecture and Design: Basic crypto primitives: Hash, Signature,) Hashchain to Blockchain, Basic consensus mechanisms	9
II	Consensus: Requirements for the consensus protocols, Proof of Work (PoW), Scalability aspects of Blockchain consensus protocols Permissioned Blockchains:Design goals, Consensus protocols for Permissioned Blockchains	9
III	Hyperledger Fabric (A): Decomposing the consensus process , Hyperledger fabric components, Chaincode Design and Implementation Hyperledger Fabric (B): Beyond Chaincode: fabric SDK and Front End (b) Hyperledger composer tool	9
IV	Use case 1 : Blockchain in Financial Software and Systems (FSS): (i) Settlements, (ii) KYC, (iii) Capital markets, (iv) Insurance Use case 2: Blockchain in trade/supply chain: (i) Provenance of goods, visibility, trade/supply chain finance, invoice management discounting, etc	9
V	Use case 3: Blockchain for Government: (i) Digital identity, land records and other kinds of record keeping between government entities, (ii) public distribution system social welfare systems Blockchain Cryptography, Privacy and Security on Blockchain	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

Course Outcome

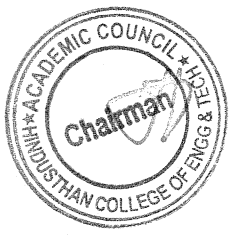
After completion of the course the learner will be able to

CO1: Ability to understand the need for Blockchain
 CO2: Ability to explore the major components of Blockchain
 CO3: Ability to learn about Hyperledger Fabric model and its Architecture
 CO4: Ability to identify the use cases for a Blockchain application

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1- 1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, by Andreas Antonopoulos, ISBN: 978-1-449-37404-4,2014
- R2- Blockchain by Melanie Swa, O'Reilly , Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, ,2015,ISBN:9781491920480
- R3-Zero to Blockchain - An IBM Redbooks course, by Bob Dill, David Smits.
<https://www.redbooks.ibm.com/Redbooks.nsf/RedbookAbstracts/crse0401.html>

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Programme	Course Code	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
ME-CS	20CM3320	5G Technology	3	0	0	3

- Course Objective**
1. Understand the concepts in 5G channel modeling.
 2. Classify the principles and protocols in the next generation multicarrier wireless wave generation.
 3. Impart knowledge on various Multiple Access techniques for wireless channels.
 4. Compare and contrast the massive MIMO channel estimation models.
 5. Prioritize the different types of cooperative communications.

Course prerequisite Digital Communication, Wireless Communication

Unit	Description	Instructional Hours
	5G CHANNEL MODEL	
I	Modeling requirements and scenarios, Channel model requirements and Measurements, Propagation scenarios, METIS channel models, Map-based model, stochastic model, Comparison of Models	9
	MULTI-CARRIER WAVEFORMS FOR 5G	
II	Filter-bank based multi-carrier (FBMC)- Principles, Transceiver block diagram, Frame structure, Resource structure, allocation, mapping. Universal filtered multi carrier (UFMC)- Principles, Transceiver structure, Frame and Resource structure, allocation, mapping. Generalized frequency division multicarrier (GFDM) – Principles, Transceiver Block diagram, Frame structure, Resource structure, allocation, mapping, MIMO-GFDM.	9
	MULTIPLE ACCESS TECHNIQUES IN 5G	
III	Challenges in OFDM- NOMA – Principle- Superposition Coding, Successive Interference Cancellation, Power Domain NOMA, Sparse Code NOMA- types, Power Domain Sparse Code NOMA, Cooperative NOMA- Benefits and Challenges.	9
	MASSIVE MIMO	
IV	Introduction-pilot design and channel estimation- uplink data transmission and downlink data transmission for Single cell systems and multi cell systems – capacity analysis.	9
	COOPERATIVE COMMUNICATION	
V	Machine Type Communication (MTC), Device to Device Communication (D2D), 5G Narrowband IoT, Cloud Computing architecture and Protocols, Relaying: Cooperative NOMA- Benefits and Challenges, Half duplex relaying, Full duplex relaying, Amplify and forward relaying, Decode and forward relaying, Decode and forward relaying with PLNC, BER Analysis, Capacity Analysis.	9
Total Instructional Hours		45

- Course Outcome**
- CO1: Able to analyze the performance of different channel models adopted in 5G wireless systems.
 CO2: Able to design a transceiver for Multicarrier waveforms.
 CO3: Able to analyze multiple access techniques in 5G networks.
 CO4: Able to design a pilot, estimate channels and analyze capacity for single cell and multicell Massive MIMO.
 CO5: Able to analyze different types of cooperative communications.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- R1-ArifOsseiran, Jose.F.Monserrat and Patrick Marsch, "5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology", Cambridge University Press, 2016.
 R2-Robert W. Heath Jr., Nuria González-Prelcic, SundeepRangan, WonilRoh, and Akbar M. Sayeed, "An Overview of Signal Processing Techniques for Millimeter Wave MIMO Systems", IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Signal Processing, Vol. 10, No. 3, April 2016
 R3-MinChulJu and Il-Min Kim, "Error Performance Analysis of BPSK Modulation in Physical-Layer Network-Coded Bidirectional Relay Networks", IEEE Transactions on Communications, Vol. 58, No. 10, October 2010.

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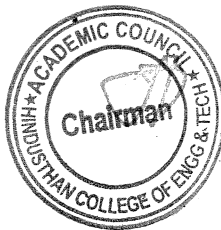
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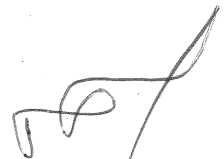
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R4-Shengli Zhang, Soung-Chang Liew, Patrick P.Lam, "Physical Layer Network Coding", Mobicom _06, Proceeding of the 12th International Conference on Mobile Computing and Networking, pp.358-365, Los Angeles, CA, USA, Sep.23-29,2006


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